

Key Points

1. Explain why the 13 States were afraid of a strong Central government?

Articles of Confederation

- o First plan for the \_\_\_\_\_ of the NEW \_\_\_\_\_
o During \_\_\_\_\_, all \_\_\_\_\_ voted for the articles in March 1781
o The 13 states were afraid of a \_\_\_\_\_
o Congress was in charge of Federal Government
o \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ Government -> in charge of all states
o Each state had \_\_\_\_\_



POWERS of the Government according to the Articles of Confederation:

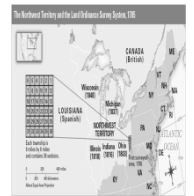
2. What very important government power does Congress not have? What effect will this have on Congress carrying out its responsibilities?

- o Congress can \_\_\_\_\_ and make peace
o Congress can create and keep an \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_
o Congress can \_\_\_\_\_
o Congress can set up a \_\_\_\_\_ service
o Congress can \_\_\_\_\_ in the West.
o Congress can \_\_\_\_\_ issues



Land Ordinance of 1785

- o New Land from the \_\_\_\_\_ was divided into \_\_\_\_\_ that were 6 Square miles.
o One of the sections would be set aside to support \_\_\_\_\_



Northwest Ordinance of 1787

- o \_\_\_\_\_ was divided into smaller territories with \_\_\_\_\_
o NO \_\_\_\_\_!
o When population reached \_\_\_\_\_ the territory could apply to be \_\_\_\_\_
o \_\_\_\_\_ in the territories had \_\_\_\_\_ as American \_\_\_\_\_.



## Key Points

3. Explain how the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation are a direct result of the Event of the American Revolution.

4. What would happen if another country challenged the United States of America under the Articles of Confederation?

### Who should have more power?

National Government



vs.

State Government



- States were afraid that if the national government \_\_\_\_\_ → it would be like having \_\_\_\_\_
- States \_\_\_\_\_ with each other over \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

### Weak Federal (Central) Government

- \_\_\_\_\_ (Legislative Branch)
  1. Congress has only \_\_\_\_\_ (part) and laws are difficult to pass
  2. Congress CANNOT \_\_\_\_\_
  3. Congress CANNOT organize \_\_\_\_\_ among the \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ problems between \_\_\_\_\_.
  4. Congress was responsible to the states, \_\_\_\_\_.
- No \_\_\_\_\_ System (Judicial Branch) to settle disputes among the states.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (Executive Branch) to enforce laws.

### Money Issues and DEBT

- No \_\_\_\_\_
- Each \_\_\_\_\_ had its own \_\_\_\_\_ and used \_\_\_\_\_ as well
- \_\_\_\_\_ would only accept \_\_\_\_\_ from their \_\_\_\_\_, causing other money to become worthless
- U.S. was unable \_\_\_\_\_
  - Money owed to European \_\_\_\_\_
  - Money owed to \_\_\_\_\_

### Domestic (at home) Problems

- \_\_\_\_\_ states had to \_\_\_\_\_ before it could go into effect
- \_\_\_\_\_ states had to \_\_\_\_\_ for a law to be \_\_\_\_\_ (or changed)
- States acted like \_\_\_\_\_ and almost never agreed \_\_\_\_\_

Summary:

